



# KAZA

KAVANGO ZAMBEZI  
TRANSFRONTIER CONSERVATION  
AREA

## ELEPHANT ACTION PLAN 2025-2030

Accompanying the 2019 Strategic Framework  
for the Conservation & Management of  
KAZA's Elephants



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## ABBREVIATIONS:

AHSWG	Animal Health Sub Working Group
AP	Action Plan
AWP	Artificial Water Provision
CBT	Commodity Based Trade
CBNRM	Community Based Natural Resource Management
CBO	Community Based Organisation
CITES	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna & Flora
CKGR	Central Kalahari Game Reserve
CWC	Combatting Wildlife Crime
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ETIS	Elephant Trade Information System
FLoD	First Line of Defense
FSWG	Forestry Sub Working Group
GIS	Geographic Information System
GPS	Global Positioning System
HEC	Human Elephant Conflict
HWC	Human Wildlife Conflict
ILUP	Integrated Land Use Plan
INBAC	National Institute for Biodiversity & Protected Areas (Angola)
KAZA	Kavango Zambezi
KESWG	Elephant Sub Working Group
KIMS	KAZA Impact Monitoring System
LE	Law Enforcement
LEAP	Law Enforcement and Anti-Poaching
LUCIS	Land Use Conflict Identification Strategy
LWG	Legal Working Group
MIKE	Monitoring the Illegal Killing of Elephants
MLA	Mutual Legal Assistance
NRM	Natural Resource Management
NEAP	National Elephant Action Plan
NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
NTFP	Non Timber Forest Products
OKACOM	Permanent Okavango River Basin Water Commission
PS	Partner State
SADC	Southern African Development Community
SEA	Strategic Environmental Assessment
SO	Strategic Objective
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SSWG	Safety & Security Working Group
TFCA	Transfrontier Conservation Area
TBNRM	Transboundary Natural Resource Management
UNODC	United Nations Office on Drugs & Crime
WDA	Wildlife Dispersal Area
WG	Working Group
WWF	World Wide Fund for Nature

### Action Table Legend:

Type of Action:	Time (years) –timeframe for activities to be conducted
M: Management	1-2: within the next 1-2 years
P: Policy	3-5: within the next 3-5 years
R: Research	>5: 5 or more years from now
O: Other	

AP No (Action Plan Number): Referencing system for the action plan

Status: A traffic light system will be used to monitor progress of activities.

Red:	Not yet started
Orange:	Ongoing
Green:	Completed

## OVERVIEW

The Strategic Planning Framework for the Conservation and Management of Elephants in KAZA (hereinafter referred to as the Planning Framework) was adopted by the KAZA Ministers Committee in April 2019 and further endorsed at the Kasane Elephant Summit in May the same year. The Planning Framework set a vision (Figure 1) and identified five (5) Strategic Objectives (Figure 2), or actionable goals required to realise this vision as it relates to the management of the KAZA's elephant population. It went further to list indicative short- and medium-term actions.

The following Elephant Action Plan is drawn from the Planning Framework, fed by technical expert input during the KAZA Elephant Survey: Post Survey Results Analysis Workshop held in Kasane in February 2024 and the Elephant Sub Working Group (KESWG) meeting held in Livingstone in November 2024. It identifies Strategic Approaches (Figure 2) required to achieve the Strategic Objectives and clusters actions under these various approaches, identifying the type of action (management, research, policy or other), key role players involved in their implementation, the broad geographic Focus for the action and the timeframe within which it should be achieved. The plan is designed to be a living document, requiring periodic review and updating by the KESWG as its primary custodians. Importantly, implementation of listed actions is not solely the responsibility of the KESWG but rather a host of stakeholders within the landscape from diverse sectors and disciplines.

**Figure 1: Framework for the Elephant Action Plan**



Figure 2: Strategic Approaches required to achieve each Strategic Objective listed in the Planning Framework

<p><b>SO1:</b> Secure long term ecosystem integrity &amp; connectivity for KAZAs elephant population</p>	<p><b>SO2:</b> Maintain &amp; manage KAZAs elephants as one contiguous population</p>	<p><b>SO3:</b> Promote &amp; support coexistence of humans &amp; elephants for ecological, social &amp; economic benefits</p>	<p><b>SO4:</b> Reduce the illegal killing of elephants &amp; trade in elephant products</p>	<p><b>SO5:</b> Establish a high-level decision-making process on which to build the planning framework for conserving KAZAs elephants</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create &amp; support platforms &amp; mechanisms for cross-sectoral engagement in the planning &amp; implementation process of land use</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gather, analyse and share knowledge &amp; data which contributes to a better understanding of elephant demographics, resource use and habitat dynamics across the TFCA and in the context of WDAs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strengthen the enabling environment for communities to meaningfully participate in sustainable management &amp; utilization of natural resources, including elephants</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support implementation of the SADC &amp; KAZA LEAP Strategies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make knowledge based decisions informed by inter-disciplinary research &amp; traditional knowledge</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support informed decision making on issues of land use through a sound knowledge base using the best available information, technology &amp; methodology</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Improve capacity to better prevent, predict &amp; respond to mass mortality events</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify &amp; unlock financial and economic opportunities for communities living alongside elephants in wildlife-based economies</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support capacity development of different role players to enhance the efficacy of Law Enforcement &amp; CWC efforts</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create mechanisms (in-country &amp; transboundary) that facilitate effective participation of KAZA stakeholders, &amp; enhance collaboration &amp; coordination</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Integrate elephant corridors into land use management plans &amp;/or the policy and legal frameworks at TFCA, national &amp;/or local level by-laws</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Implement climate change adaptation measures that safeguard elephant populations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Build capacity at various levels to effectively manage HEC</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Actively engage communities as the First Line of Defence in combating wildlife crime efforts</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Periodically review, assess &amp; adapt the planning framework for the management &amp; conservation of KAZAs elephants</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promote land use options &amp; management which retain or restore habitat integrity for elephants</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Harmonise the approach to elephant management across the KAZA TFCA country borders</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Harmonise policies, practices and instruments in support of enhanced cross-border collaboration</li> </ul>	

**STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1: SECURE LONG TERM ECOSYSTEM INTEGRITY & CONNECTIVITY FOR KAZA'S ELEPHANT POPULATION**

**Strategic Approach 1.1: Create & support platforms & mechanisms for cross-sectoral engagement in the planning & implementation process of land use**

**ACTIONS**

Undertake one or more SEA & other large landscape planning for key KAZA transboundary wildlife corridors & strengthen the EIA connectivity process & enforcement with respect to connectivity

Circulate existing information on corridors & connectivity to elevate literacy on the topic

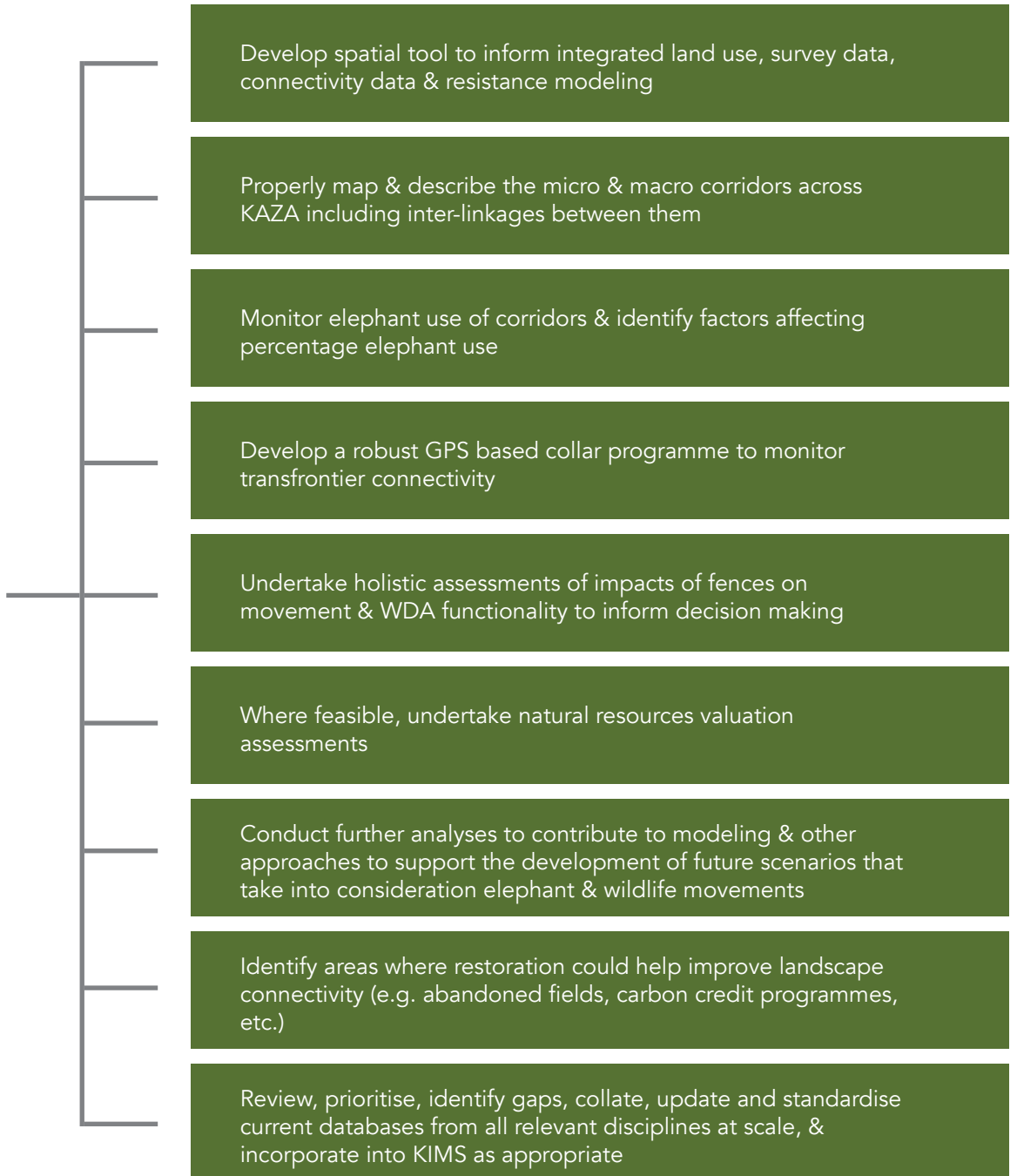
Create an understanding of & advocate for the need to integrate sectoral planning processes (water conservation, agricultural expansion, mining, veterinary, etc.) with elephant conservation planning

Foster &/or establish partnerships with NGOs, academic & multilateral institutions to amplify the impact of connectivity research & management processes



### ACTIONS

Strategic Approach 1.2: Support informed decision making on issues of land use through a sound knowledge base using the best available information, technology & methodology



**ACTIONS**

**Strategic Approach 1.3: Integrate elephant corridors into landuse management plans &/or the policy & legal frameworks at TFCA, national &/or local level by-laws**



Review & contextualise ways to formalise corridors in modern & customary law (mixed use community by-laws/tribal laws)

Harmonise (national) legislation & policy to secure WDAs (through formal, legal recognition), elephant movement corridors (micro/macro) & landscape level land uses

Review & update existing IDPs for all KAZA countries to reflect elephant corridors & co-existence activities to secure these

Secure funding for completing & implementing Integrated Land Use Plans (ILUPs) for each WDA & other key elephant corridors mapped through the KESWG connectivity models (using tools such as LUCIS, GIS models like ESRI ArcGIS etc.)

**Strategic Approach 1.4: Promote land use options & management which retain or restore habitat integrity for elephants**



Expedite & promote non fence (non-geographic) based (CBT) approaches of beef production for managing trade-associated disease risk

Coordinate with carbon credit projects to provide KESWG connectivity information to inform choice of forest patches to preserve – habitat refuges (stepping stones) & proposed corridors

Promote & prioritise the conservation & management of Angola water towers so as to secure the long-term flow of the four river systems that form the basis of KAZA's wildlife & tourism assets

Develop strategies for prioritized micro/macro corridors across KAZA, including WDAs

Increase signage on roads & railways to facilitate safe movement of elephants (& other wildlife) across these barriers

Explore the feasibility of using gates/ bridges/ tunnels on physical barriers to facilitate elephant movement

Strategic Objective #1	Strategic Approach	AP No.	Activity	Details	Location	Actors	Type of Action				Time (years)			Status
							M	P	R	O	1-2	3-5	>5	
Secure long term ecosystem integrity & connectivity for KAZA's elephant population	Create & support platforms & mechanisms for cross-sectoral engagement in the planning & implementation process of land use	1.1.1	Undertake one or more SEA & other large landscape planning for key KAZA transboundary wildlife corridors & strengthen the EIA process & enforcement with respect to connectivity		KAZA	PS Ministries				X	X	X		
		1.1.2	Circulate existing information on corridors & connectivity to elevate literacy on the topic	Custom-made communication products highlighting how multiple lines of evidence inform abundance & connectivity	KAZA	KESWG KAZA Sec NGOs	X			X				
		1.1.3	Create an understanding of & advocate for the need to integrate sectoral planning processes (water conservation, infrastructure development, agricultural expansion, mining, veterinary, etc.) with elephant conservation planning	The KAZA governance structures can be leveraged regularly using scientific outputs to highlight the importance of connectivity in infrastructure development	KAZA In-Country	KAZA Sec KESWG NGOs	X			X	X	X		
		1.1.4	Foster and/or establish partnerships with NGOs, academic & multilateral institutions to amplify the impact of connectivity research & management processes		KAZA	Mins of Envt KAZA Sec KESWG NGOs Academia Multilateral institutions	X				X			

		Support informed decision making on issues of land use through a sound knowledge base using the best available information, technology & methodology				
1.2.1	Develop spatial tool to inform integrated land use, survey data, connectivity data & resistance modeling					
1.2.2	Properly map & describe the micro & macro corridors across KAZA including inter-linkages between them	Outputs from KAZA Policy Brief on Elephant Movements and Connectivity (2023) to be utilized to identify these corridors & additional information sourced for areas with data gaps e.g. Boteti, CKGR, southern Okavango, NW Matabeleland	KAZA	KESWG Depts of Wildlife NGOs Communities	X	X
1.2.3	Monitor elephant use of corridors & identify factors affecting percentage elephant use	This will enhance understanding of elephant movements in the landscape, in relation to key resource areas & threats to connectivity.	KAZA	Mins of Env't KESWG NGOs Communities	X	X
1.2.4	Develop a robust GPS based collar programme to monitor transfrontier connectivity	This will enhance understanding of elephant movement, particularly at WDA level	Parts of KAZA (WDA focus)	Mins of Env't KESWG NGOs Academia	X	X
1.2.5	Undertake holistic assessments of impacts of fences on movement & WDA functionality to inform decision making	This can include past, present & future fencing arrangements, e.g. the Schwelle migrations in Botswana were severely disrupted by the Kuke Fence constructed in 1958	WDA specific	KAZA Sec AHSWG KESWG Mins of Agric, Env't, Lands NGOs Academia	X	X



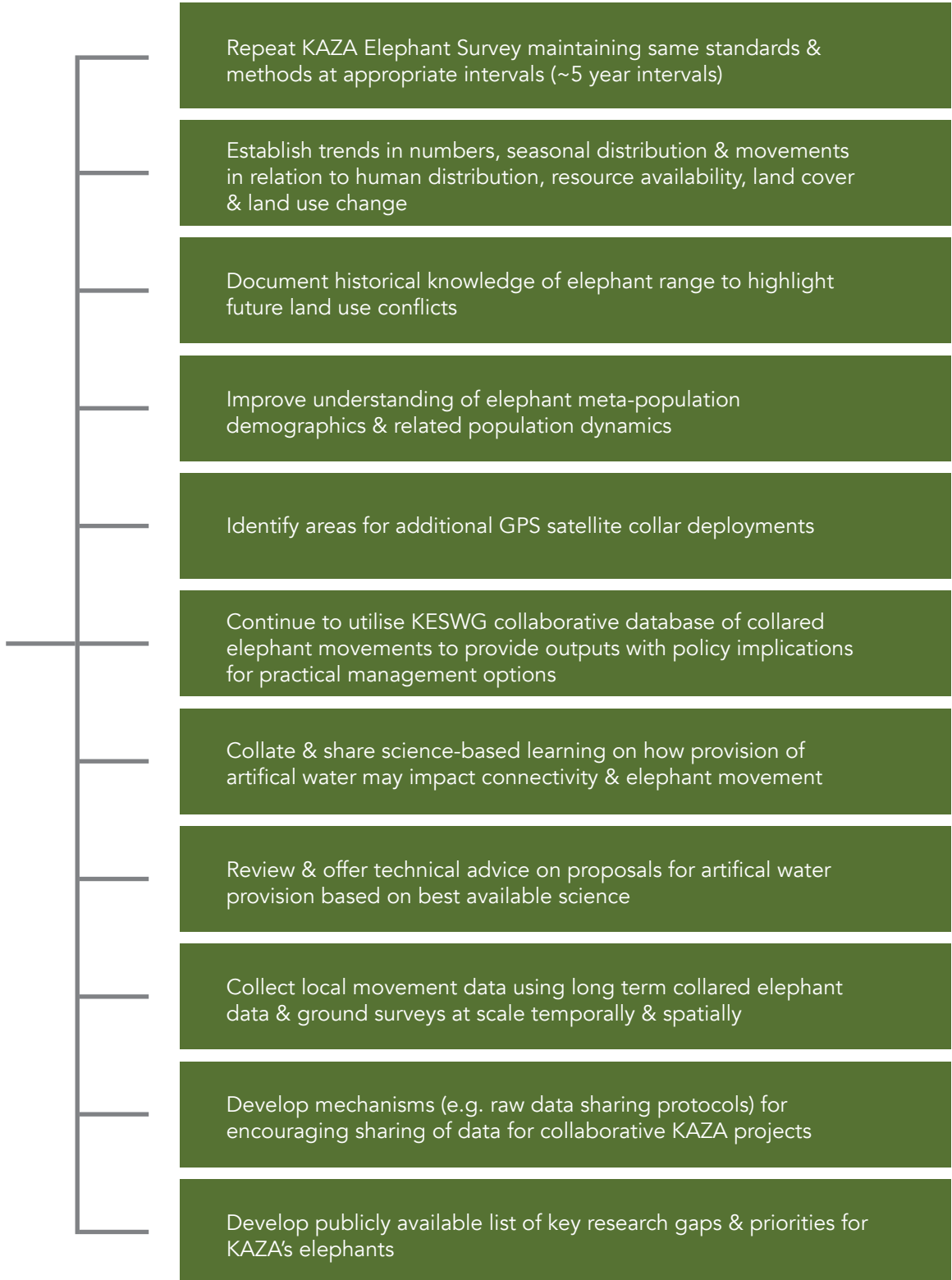




**STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 2: MAINTAIN & MANAGE KAZA'S ELEPHANTS AS ONE CONTIGUOUS POPULATION**

**Strategic Approach 2.1: Gather, analyse & share knowledge & data which contributes to a better understanding of elephant demographics, resource use & habitat dynamics across the TFCA & in the context of WDAs**

**ACTIONS**





## ACTIONS

Strategic Objective 2.2: Improve capacity to prevent, predict & respond to mass mortality events





**Strategic Approach 2.3: Implement climate change adaptation measures that safeguard elephant populations**



**ACTIONS**

- Harness existing climate change models to understand how a warming, drying landscape affects connectivity
- Conduct ongoing satellite monitoring of forest cover & land use change to highlight the impacts of forest loss on elephant habitats & corridors
- Map & monitor potential human population migration patterns in response to climate change

**Strategic Approach 2.4: Harmonise the approach to elephant management across the KAZA TFCA**



**ACTIONS**

- Review NEAPs in each PS to align & integrate with the KAZA Planning Framework
- Harmonise management policy & strategies to manage & accommodate high density populations (local overabundance)
- Harmonise sustainable use policies for meta-population management
- Develop capacity of state institutions (in-country wildlife agencies) to analyse data for connectivity research & applied management
- Establish SOPs or collaborative protocols for cross border research

Strategic Objective #2	Strategic Approach	AP No.	Activity	Details	Location	Actors	Type of Action				Time (years)			Status	
							M	P	R	O	1-2	3-5	>5		
Maintain & manage KAZA's elephants as one contiguous population	Gather, analyse and share knowledge & data which contributes to a better understanding of elephant demographics, resource use and habitat dynamics across the TFCA and in the context of WDAs	2.1.1	Repeat KAZA Elephant Survey maintaining same standards & methods at appropriate intervals (~5-year intervals)	Pre-planning and fundraising essential; time frame at least 2 years even though actual survey takes place within a 3-month window	KAZA	KAZA Sec PS KESWG NGOs	X		X			X			
		2.1.2	Establish trends in numbers, seasonal distribution and movements in relation to human distribution, resource availability, land cover and land use change	Utilise KAZA elephant survey, KESWG elephant movement information and transboundary community game counts, identifying & mapping water & other critical resources which elephants (& other wildlife) need to access	KAZA	Mins of Eenvt, Agric, Lands, etc. KESWG FSWG, NGOs Academia	X		X		X				
		2.1.3	Document historical knowledge of elephant range to highlight future land use conflicts	See also 1.2.5 above			NGOs Academia				X				
		2.1.4	Improve understanding of elephant meta-population demographics & related population dynamics	The persistence of the meta-population into the future in the context of developmental pressures & climate change scenarios needs to be better understood	KAZA	NGOs Academia	X		X		X				











**STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 3: PROMOTE & SUPPORT CO-EXISTENCE OF HUMANS & ELEPHANTS FOR ECOLOGICAL, SOCIAL & ECONOMIC BENEFITS**

**Strategic Approach 3.1: Strengthen the enabling environment for communities to meaningfully participate in sustainable management & utilization of natural resources, including elephants**



**ACTIONS**

Develop and implement policies enabling community management, sustainable utilization & benefit from elephants & other wildlife

Strengthen & expand organisational development support to community-based conservation structures and institutions, e.g. TBNRM & CBNRM Forums

Strengthen government, communities & implementing agencies or institutions responsible for wildlife management and CBNRM

Build local capacity to develop coexistence strategies consistent with higher level policy, planning & implementation

Encourage relevant stakeholders to build on lessons from the past to support co-existence and conflict mitigation, including cross sectoral, vertical and horizontal engagement

**Strategic Approach 3.2: Identify & unlock financial and economic opportunities for communities living alongside elephants in wildlife-based economies**



**ACTIONS**

Evaluate (rank/score) current community beneficiation activities (value, safety, income) arising from elephants & corridors

Replicate/upscale high ranking/scoring activities elsewhere in the landscape

Investigate & communicate additional & potentially unknown economic benefits of living with wildlife

Expedite CBT of beef & expand strategic & active herding models (inclusive of kraaling) across KAZA to increase income generation to communities

Monitor & evaluate impact of elephant-related socio-economic interventions using appropriate tools

Support alternative livelihood initiatives among communities

Promote the use of agro-ecology principles & techniques

## ACTIONS

Review resource gaps (e.g. human, technical, knowledge, finance) in each country for managing conflict

Conduct training on tools for data gathering, monitoring & HEC management for national wildlife departments & communities

Establish an HEC Trust Fund for KAZA to fund priority HEC interventions

Evaluate current HEC awareness & outreach programmes & materials & design & implement new materials as may be required

Provide access to safe transport & water for people living in areas with high densities of elephants

Create & adapt multi-media (videos/animations /radio/theatre/guides) education aids to disseminate mitigation & research findings for HEC management in KAZA using local languages & audience specific formats

Facilitate sharing of education materials to create awareness on elephants & HEC management strategies to target stakeholders & HEC sites

Produce an HEC management guideline document to guide vertical integration of policy approaches at site level, SOP development, situational analysis, data collection methods, toolboxes, mitigation, etc

### Strategic Approach 3.3: Build capacity at various levels to effectively manage HEC.

Activate KAZA HEC Task Force in KESWG to coordinate HEC interventions & hold regular meetings

Engage communities in undertaking data collection & monitoring local level adaptive management interventions as a way of instilling ownership of resources

Maintain corridors through responsible incentive based management

Determine characteristics/drivers of HEC to define & map HEC hotspots & severity of conflict

Collate & analyse existing data for entry into KIMS database per HEC hotspot

Produce HEC maps for KAZA at various scales starting with updating the policy brief overview map

Review existing HEC policies, strategies & plans in SADC & KAZA elephant range states

Compile a profile of stakeholders working on HEC management at different levels (to be defined)

Make the elephant deterrent "toolbox" widely accessible to wildlife department officers, practitioners & communities

Strategic Objective #3	Strategic Approach	AP No.	Activity	Details	Location	Actors	Type of Action					Time (years)			Status
							M	P	R	O	1-2	3-5	>5		
Promote & support coexistence of humans & elephants for ecological, social & economic benefits	Strengthen the enabling environment for communities to meaningfully participate in sustainable management & utilization of natural resources, including elephants	3.1.1	Develop and implement policies enabling community management, sustainable utilization & benefit from elephants & other wildlife		KAZA In-Country	PS Ministries KAZA Sec NGOs Academia	X	X			X				
		3.1.2	Strengthen & expand organisational development support to community-based conservation structures and institutions, e.g. TBNRM & CBNRM Forums		KAZA In-Country	KAZA Sec KAZA Structures NGOs Academia	X		X		X				
		3.1.3	Strengthen government, communities & implementing agencies or institutions responsible for wildlife management and CBNRM	e.g. CBNRM Enabling Conditions Tool (Indicators & Dashboard)	KAZA In-Country	PS Ministries KAZA Sec NGOs Academia	X		X		X				
		3.1.4	Build local capacity to develop coexistence strategies consistent with higher level policy, planning & implementation		KAZA In-Country	KAZA Sec KAZA WGs NGOs CBOs	X		X		X				
		3.1.5	Encourage relevant stakeholders to build on lessons from the past to support co-existence and conflict mitigation, including cross sectoral, vertical and horizontal engagement		Country & Site specific	PS Ministries KAZA WGs NGOs CBOs	X		X		X		X		
	Identify & unlock financial and economic opportunities for communities living alongside elephants in wildlife-based economies	3.2.1	Evaluate (rank/score) current community beneficiation activities (value, safety, income) arising from elephants & corridors		KAZA	PS Consultant NGOs	X		X						







**STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 4: REDUCE THE ILLEGAL KILLING OF & TRADE IN ELEPHANTS & ELEPHANT PRODUCTS**

**ACTIONS**

**Strategic Approach 4.1: Support implementation of the SADC & KAZA LEAP strategies**



- Develop, update & implement country specific strategies (NEAPs) to reduce illegal killing & trade in elephants & elephant products with particular reference to the SADC LEAP strategy
- Mobilise financial, human & material resources to undertake needed & urgent actions to combat wildlife crime (CWC)
- Focus actions to CWC in poaching hotspots where elephants & other wildlife need to move
- Coordinate LE interventions & anti-poaching strategies by stakeholders
- Develop SOPs for examination of confiscated elephant products & next course of action for those products
- Advocate for increased harmonisation of penalties & legislation related to LE
- Collect & collate genetic information (from DNA analyses) centrally to better inform evidence-led prosecutions
- Develop & implement SOPs on joint LE operations
- Implement standardised protocols & procedures for wildlife intelligence, patrols, crime scene investigations, prosecutions & penalties

**Strategic Approach 4.2: Support capacity development of different role players to enhance the efficacy of Law Enforcement & CWC efforts**

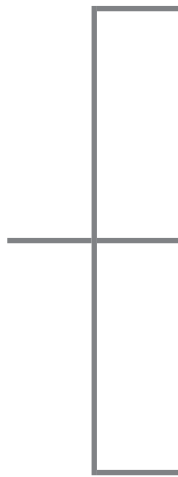


- Set up operational, tactical & governance level task forces across agencies (immigration, customs, policy, wildlife, forestry)
- Map hotspots & players in relation to poaching trends to strengthen targeting & outcomes of LE operations
- Provide training of customs & immigration officials on standardised protocols & procedures
- Increase access to & capacity to utilise technology in LE operations
- Increase understanding & sharing of information regarding poaching trends, the nature of organised crime across borders.



**ACTIONS**

**Strategic Approach 4.3: Actively engage communities as the First line of Defense in CWC**

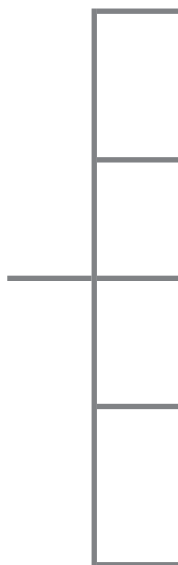


Organise & conduct awareness campaigns on wildlife crime in schools & communities

Map cultural uses of wildlife & wildlife products in communities

Engage communities to help CWC using inter alia TBNRM community forums & other new approaches in FLoD

**Strategic Approach 4.4: Harmonise policies, practices and instruments in support of enhanced cross-border collaboration**



Create enabling conditions (national to local level policy) to allow for cross boundary pursuit &/or extradition of wildlife criminals

Review existing extradition legislation to allow prosecution of wildlife criminals across the KAZA PS

Coordinate transboundary ground based patrols & air surveillance

Align principles, policy & legislation across KAZA on combatting illegal wildlife trade & develop legal instruments to support cross border agencies in addressing wildlife crime such as Mutual Legal Assistance (MLA)

Develop & implement standardised protocols & procedures for customs & immigration officials regarding recognition of the cross border movement of illicit wildlife goods & apprehension of suspects

Strategic Objective #4	Strategic Approach	AP No.	Activity	Details	Location	Actors	Type of Action				Time (years)			Status	
							M	P	R	O	1-2	3-5	>5		
Reduce the illegal killing of & trade in elephants & elephant products	Support implementation of the SADC & KAZA LEAP Strategies	4.1.1	Develop, update & implement country specific strategies (NEAPs) to reduce illegal killing & trade in elephants & elephant products with particular reference to the SADC LEAP strategy		KAZA In-Country	PS KAZA Sec	X			X					
		4.1.2	Mobilise financial, human & material resources to undertake needed & urgent actions to combat wildlife crime	e.g. WDA LE Task Forces (one in existence – Kwando- need for other WDAs)	KAZA In-Country	PS KAZA Sec CITES MIKE	X			X					
		4.1.3	Focus actions to combat wildlife crime in poaching hotspots where elephants & other wildlife need to move	Use WDA LE Task Forces as above	KAZA In-country	PS SSWG	X			X	X			X	
		4.1.4	Coordinate law enforcement interventions & anti-poaching strategies by stakeholders		KAZA In-Country	PS KAZA Sec KAZA Structures SADC Structures	X			X					
		4.1.5	Develop SOPs for examination of confiscated elephant products & next course of action for those products	Some country-specific SOPs are in existence already; make use of these & TRAFFIC expertise accordingly	KAZA In-Country	Species specialist groups Depts of Wildlife Police Customs	X	X				X			
		4.1.6	Advocate for increased harmonisation of penalties & legislation related to LE	Refer to SADC LEAPs I & II	KAZA	LWG Judiciary Depts of Wildlife Police NGOs	X								X

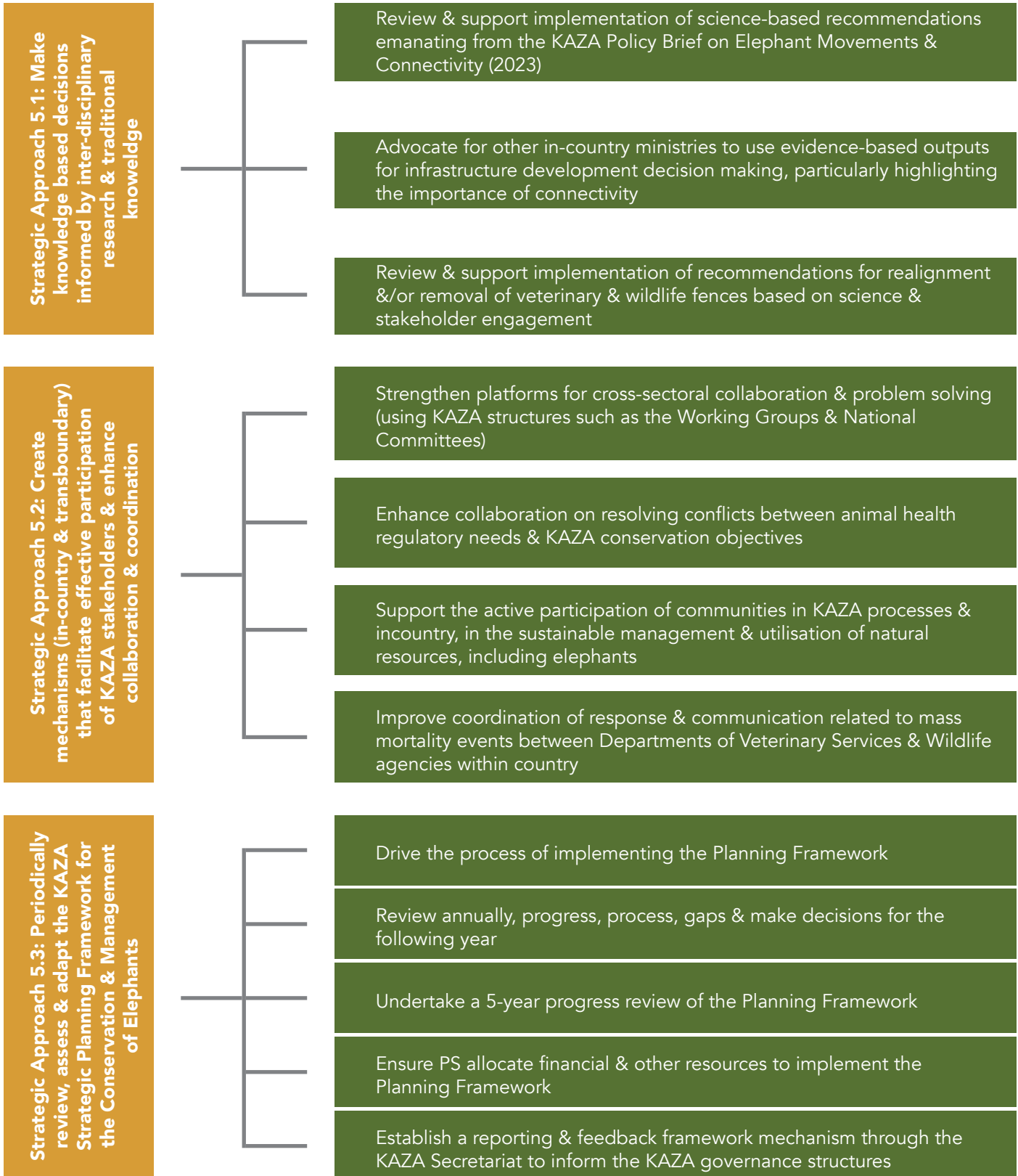






**STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 5: ESTABLISH A HIGH-LEVEL DECISION-MAKING PROCESS ON WHICH TO BUILD THE PLANNING FRAMEWORK FOR CONSERVING KAZA'S ELEPHANTS**

**ACTIONS**



Strategic Objective #5	Strategic Approach	AP No.	Activity	Details	Location	Actors	Type of Action				Time (years)			Status		
							M	P	R	O	1-2	3-5	>5			
Establish a high-level decision-making process on which to build the planning framework for conserving KAZA's elephants	Make knowledge-based decisions informed by inter-disciplinary research & traditional knowledge	5.1.1	Review & support implementation of science-based recommendations emanating from the KAZA Policy Brief on Elephant Movements and Connectivity (2023)	KAZA In-Country	PS Ministries	X	X			X						
		5.1.2	Advocate for other in-country ministries to use evidence-based outputs for infrastructure development decision making, particularly highlighting the importance of connectivity	KAZA In-Country	KAZA Sec PS Ministries Academia NGOs	X				X	X					
		5.1.3	Review & support implementation of recommendations for the realignment &/or removal of veterinary & wildlife fences based on science & stakeholder engagement.	KAZA	PS KAZA Structures AHSWG	X				X	X					
		5.2.1	Strengthen platforms for cross-sectoral collaboration & problem solving (using KAZA structures such as the Working Groups & National Committees)	KAZA	Mins of Land/Land Boards Mins of Envt, Forestry, Agric NGOs Academia FSWG	X				X	X					
		5.2.2	Enhance collaboration on resolving conflicts between animal health regulatory needs & KAZA conservation objectives	KAZA	AHSWG KESWG Comm WG KAZA Sec Mins of Agric, Envt FAO	X				X	X					







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