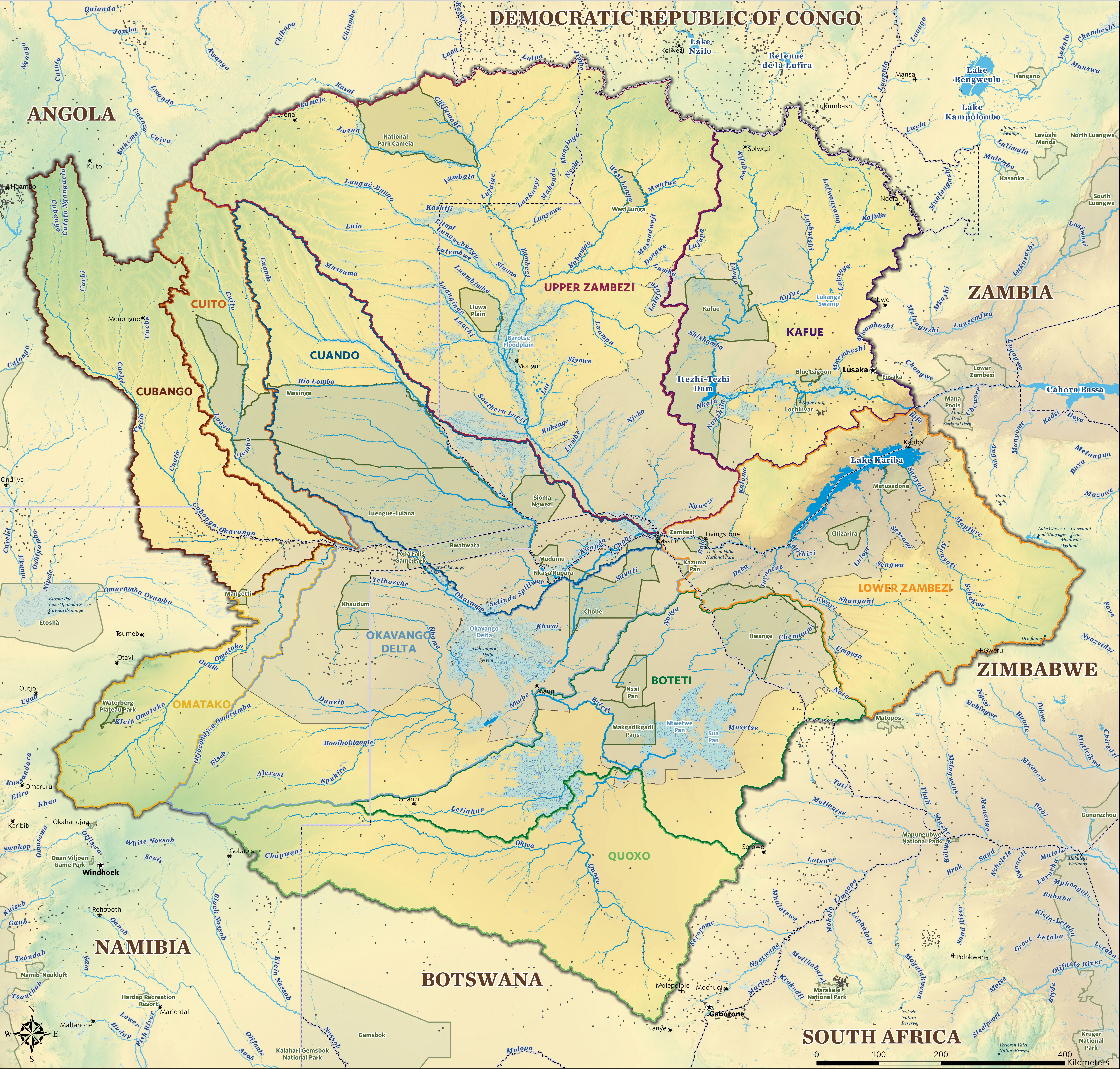




FRESHWATER RESOURCES OF THE KAZA TRANSFRONTIER CONSERVATION AREA

Boundaries

- International Border
- National Park
- Kavango Zambezi (KAZA)
- Ramsar Site

Physical

- River
- Lake
- Intermittent Water

Settlements

- Capital
- City
- Village

Elevation (m)

High : 2604

Low : 0

KAZA Basins

Basin Name	Basin Area	Area in KAZA
Boteti	144,352 km ²	78,597 km ²
Cuando	154,741 km ²	112,368 km ²
Cubango	107,519 km ²	3,775 km ²
Cuito	58,122 km ²	19,844 km ²
Kafue	157,527 km ²	51,578 km ²
Baixo Zambeze	167,666 km ²	57,185 km ²
Delta do Okavango	184,884 km ²	118,044 km ²
Omatako	60,168 km ²	13,151 km ²
Quoxo	136,363 km ²	954 km ²
Alto Zambeze	361,483 km ²	62,307 km ²

KAZA Area - 520,000 km²
Basins intersecting KAZA - 1,534,000 km²
Basin areas are approximate based on 90m SRTM DEM

About this Map's Data Sources

- Basemap: Multi-Directional Hillshade from Esri® Image Service.
- Hydrography: SRTM 90m digital elevation model (Jarvis, A., H.I. Reuter, A. Nelson, E. Guevara, 2008, Hole-filled SRTM for the globe Version 4) was used to derive rivers and their visualized stream order. <http://srtm.csi.cgiar.org>.
- Subbasin boundaries were derived from the the HydroSHEDS database. Lehner, B. and G. Grill (2013): Global river hydrology and network routing: baseline data and new approaches to study the world's large river systems. *Hydrological Processes*, 27(15):2171-2186. www.hydrosheds.org.
- Populated places, river names, and other water features were derived from the NGA GEONet Names Server (GNS) <http://geonames.nga.mil/gns/html/>.
- KAZA Boundary was provided by National Geographic.
- Water types were derived from the Global Inland Water dataset available from the Global Land Cover Data Facility. <http://glcf.umd.edu/data/watercover/>.
- National park boundaries and Ramsar sites were extracted from the Protected Planet database (<https://www.protectedplanet.net/en>) with the exception of Mavinga and Luengue-Luiana National Parks in Angola. Boundaries for these parks were provided by Peace Parks Foundation.
- International borders were downloaded from DIVA-GIS (<https://www.diva-gis.org/>).
- Additional sources consulted for agreement on boundaries, names, and locations include HydroSHEDS (<https://hydrosheds.org/>), official government paper maps accessed through the University of Texas map collection, Open Street Maps (<https://www.openstreetmap.org/>), and GoogleEarth.

Map Projection: GCS WGS84 | Map Date: May, 2023
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Comissao Permanente das Agencias de Bacia Hidrografica do Rio Okavango